NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION

SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY ORGANIZATION





AC/323() www.sto.nato.int

STO TECHNICAL REPORT

PUB REF STO-MP-SAS-114-PPL

# ANNEX L Information Systems Continuous Monitoring for Cyber-Security Risk Prioritization

**Greg Weaver** 









ISCM Update for SAS 114

Greg Weaver ARL/CISD/SBNAB W: 301-394-1260



## **ISCM Widget Descriptions**



# Asset Mgmt. Widget

- Provides a unified view of asset information collected from all reporting tool feeds
- Represents each computing asset as an object comprised of information gathered from one or more cyber security tools.

## Antivirus Compliance Widget

- Host based security requirements
- Determines overall anti-virus compliance
- Determines antivirus engine compliance
- Determines antivirus signature file compliance

#### Network Mgmt. Widget

- Discovers rogue or unmanaged hosts across the network
- Discovers active services and systems within a zone
- Discovers access patterns from external zones
- Determines inbound and outbound volumes of traffic

## Vulnerability Widget

- Identifies
   vulnerable systems
   by CVE; includes
   confidence value
   for instances which
   lack definitive
   evidence
- Determines vulnerability distribution across enterprise for given software version/ platform
- Presents searchable catalog of security metadata (vulnerabilities, check definitions, platforms, software, ports)

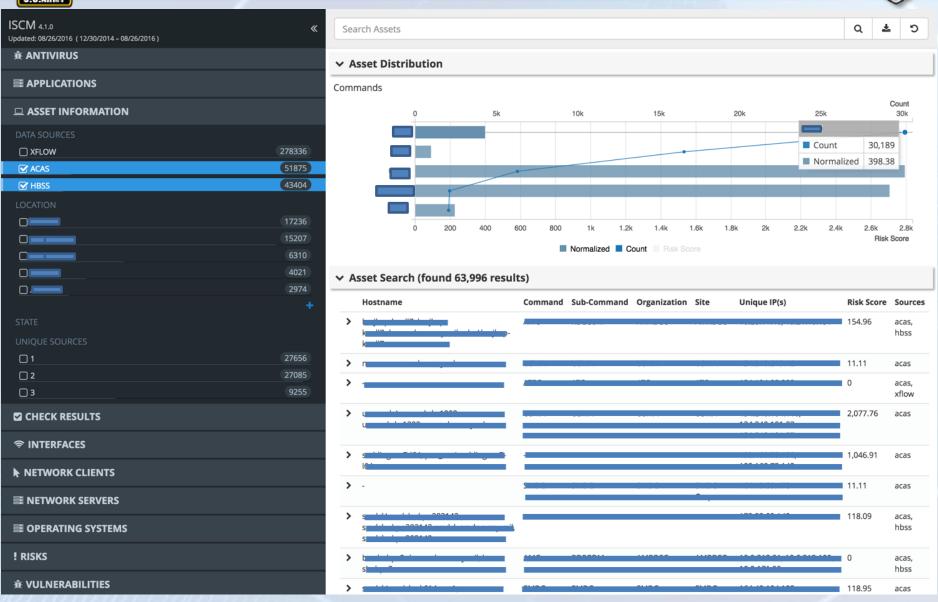
# Risk Mgmt. Widget

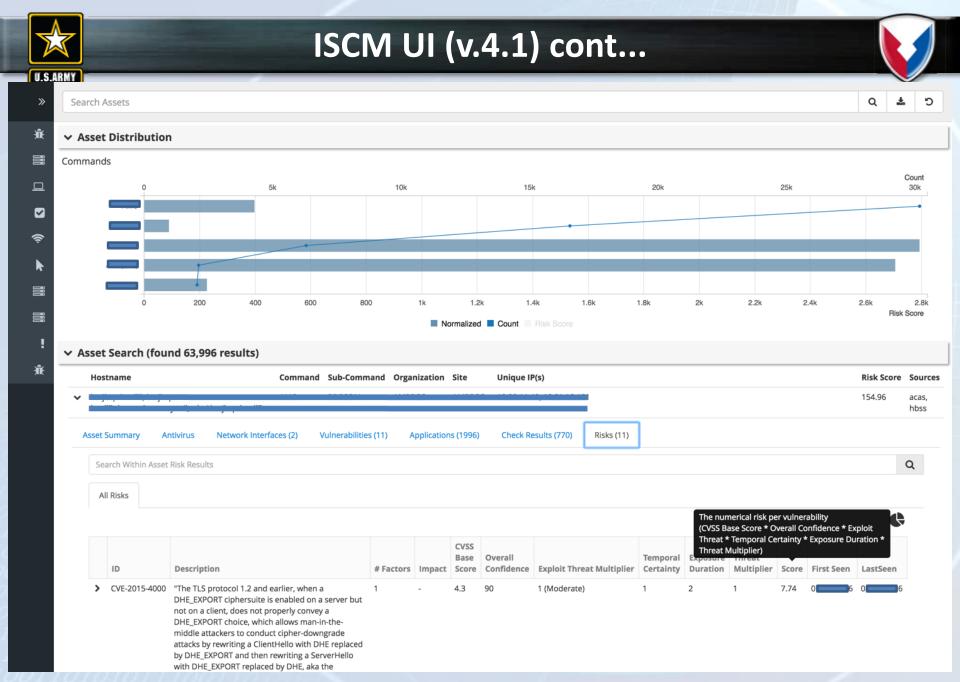
- Use of vulnerability discovery results to estimate risk
- Risk = f(threat x vulnerabilities x impact)
- Risk scores are presented by zone, system, and vulnerability
- Identifies issues that need to be mitigated in order to eliminate a particular risk at the system or zone level
- Presents issues prioritized by their influence on risk



## **ISCM UI (v.4.1)**









## **ISCM** Data Types



## **ARL data types:**

**ACAS Assured Compliance Assessment Solution** 

Vulnerability Scan Results

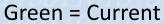
**HBSS Host Based Security System Modules** 

(PA, ACCM, HIPS, VSE)

- Policy Auditor
- Asset Compliance Configuration Module
- Host Intrusion Prevention System
- Virus Scan Enterprise

Interrogator Intrusion Detection System

- XFLOW
- ISTR/Internet strings
- DSTR/DNS strings
- IDS Detects/Alerts
- IDS Incident reports
- IDS libpcap (packet capture)



Yellow = Planned

Red = Future



#### One Page Summary

Our Information Systems Continuous Monitoring (ISCM) is an integrated big-data capability that provides situational awareness down to the asset level as well as cyber security risk prioritization and categorization for multiple enclaves, as each asset object is a fusion of data gathered from reports generated via the endpoint security, vulnerability assessments and intrusion detection system data flows. These data sources were chosen because they are ubiquitous across the department, but they could be easily swapped with other data sources if the attributes of interest were available for extraction.

Our ISCM big-data capability supports our overarching goal in efforts to conduct research and development to deploy an operational framework that will:

- Enhance cyber situational awareness The ability to ingest, aggregate, correlate and enrich cyber data from a variety of sources and provide an interface or dashboard view that enables commanders and missions owners to make higher confidence decisions and prioritize cyber security risks and responses.
- Support continuous monitoring The ability to transform the historically static security control assessment and authorization process into an integral part of a dynamic enterprise-wide risk management process. Providing the Army with an ongoing, near real-time, cyber defense awareness and asset assessment capability.
- Enable technical transfer The ability to be packaged and transitioned to other organizations with a similar cyber security mission and data sets. In particular, it is important that ISCM be transferable with minimal software refactoring and systems reengineering.
- Provide a scalable architecture The ability to scale quickly be augmented with minimal impact to uptime and support the storage and processing of large data sets at the TB/PB scale.
- Enable low latency queries The ability to provide rapid responses to simple and compound queries from both end users and statistic/analytic processes (query focused)

